Psydrax schimperiana subsp. schimperiana

Rubiaceae

(Canthium schimperianum)

Indigenous

Bl: Serekana Sh: Makuak Tg: Zahak

Tr: Sarakan

Ecology: A small tree that grows in Acacia or Terminalia-Combretum

woodland. It is more common at the edges of lower highland forests. In Eritrea, it grows on the eastern escarpment, e.g. in Semenawi-bahri and on the western side of hills around Mensa and Rora-habab, often in association with *Euclea schimperi* and

Oka africana, 1,600-2,500 m.

Uses: Firewood, poles (house construction), farm tools, tool handles,

fodder, shade.

Description: A tall evergreen shrub or tree to 6 m. BARK: Dark green, rough

and granular. LEAVES: **Opposite pairs** of ovate leaves, shiny above, dull below, up to 8 cm long and 4 cm across, narrowed to a blunt tip, base narrower, rounded to a short stalk, **edge wavy**, **veins looped. Stipules triangular, between youngest leaves.** FLOWERS: Green-white in dense **fragrant clusters**, **20-30**, buds rounded, 4-5 petals, often bent back. Thin **flower stalks about 1 cm often remain when flowers fall.** FRUIT: Small, **rounded**, **about 1 cm** across in 2 sections, fleshy, becoming

woody.

Propagation:

Seedlings.

Seed:

treatment: storage:

Management: Coppicing.

Remarks: The wood is termite-resistant and thus very durable.

