Tropical America

Bl: Shewina Eng: Jerusalem thorn Tg: Shewit hagai

Ecology: Widely cultivated at medium altitudes, this tree tolerates

strongly alkaline or saline soils and poor sandy eroded soil, but not flooding, 300-1,700 m. In Eritrea, it is cultivated in Ghinda,

Mendefera, Adi-quala and Nakfa town.

Uses: Firewood, charcoal, fodder (pods, young branches), bee forage,

mulch, soil conservation, ornamental, shade, windbreak, live

fence.

Description: A spiny shrub or small tree, usually 5-8 m, light, feathery foliage

and a low crown, sometimes deciduous in the dry season. LEAVES: Groups of thin winged leaf stalks to 30 cm with well-spaced tiny leaflets. The long thin branchlets have sharp thorns beside the leaves, about 1 cm long. FLOWERS: Very fragrant, bright yellow with orange stamens, on spikes to 15 cm. FRUIT: Bunches of woody pale brown pods, narrow, constricted

between seeds, pointed tips.

Propagation: Seedlings, direct sowing.

Seed: The species is a prolific seeder. Germination rate 30-70%. No. of

seeds per kg: 11,000-15,000.

treatment: Soak seed in hot water and allow to cool overnight.

storage: Seed stores well for long periods in cool, dry, closed containers. **Management:** Fast growing; pollarding. Seedlings are susceptible to attack by

termites and so young seedlings should be protected.

Remarks: It is a good species for reclamation of degraded sites, but it can

become a serious weed due to its prolific seeding.

