Indigenous

Sh: Adad Tg: Atat Tr: Hergitte

**Ecology:** A shrub that occurs in forests and on forest edges, grasslands

and river banks. It is widespread in Ethiopia and Kenya and in Eritrea most common in the central highlands and eastern and western escarpments, e.g. around Rora-habab, Mt. Bizen, Mt.

Seled, Quahaito and Asmara, 1,700-2,700 m.

Uses: Firewood, farm tools, fodder (leaves), bee forage, live fence,

fencing (thorny branches).

**Description:** A shrub usually 1-3 m or a small tree to 12 m. Sharp spines 4-7

cm long. The grey to dark brown branches may be hairy and dotted with white breathing pores. LEAVES: Alternate, sometimes growing out of spines, quite variable, hard or leathery, oval to round, usually to 6 cm long, shortly stalked, the edge with small rounded teeth. FLOWERS: Sweet-scented, white, very small, in heads on hairy stalks, 5 petals in each flower, always appearing with leaves. FRUIT: A dry 3-part capsule, only 8 mm across, green-purple, but red when mature, opening to set free 1-4 seeds, each shiny orange-brown with a small aril at the base, soft and folded, white-pink, ripening

purple.

**Propagation:** Seedlings.

**Seed:** A prolific seeder.

treatment: Not necessary.

**storage:** Can be stored if kept cold in air-tight containers.

**Management:** 

**Remarks:** Planted as a fence on farms.

