Indigenous

Common names: Bende: mubundu; Eng: tree entada; Goro: aere-desu; Hehe:

mugelagela; **Kuria:** msarwa; **Lugu:** mvutambula; Mate: mtangati, munzati; Nyam: mfutambula; **Nyin** msaningala; **Rangi:** ijwejwe; Zigua: mfufumasimba; **Zinza:** 

musangisangi.

Ecology: A small tree which grows from Sierra Leone, Eritrea and

Uganda south to Angola, typically with Brachystegia and Julbernardia in woodland or wooded grassland, 450-2,250 m. It is found in all districts of Tanzania. Here and further

south the branchlets are typically hairy.

Uses: Firewood, medicine (roots), shade, nitrogen fixation, soil

improvement.

Description: A small deciduous tree 3-10 m, with a dense leafy-

spreading crown and **large conspicuous pods** often remaining on the tree for a long time. BARK: grey-brown, rough or smooth. LEAVES: compound, feathery and Acacia-like with 4-22 pairs of pinnae and **very** many **leaflets**, each narrow and up to 1 cm long, tip rounded. FLOWERS: small, **creamy-white-yellow**, in **fluffy spikes** up to 14 cm long, sweet scented. FRUIT: woody pods both long and wide to 39 x 10 cm, almost straight. The central sections, each containing one seed, break away from the woody rim leaving **a pod skeleton on the tree.** About 10

papery winged seeds.

**Propagation:** Seedlings.

**Seed** info.: No. of seeds per kg: 3,600-4,200. Seed germination rate is

very high: 70%-100%.

treatment: not necessary, storage: seed can be stored.

Management: Coppicing.

Remarks: The tree does not compete with crops, and has been

reported by farmers to improve soil.

