Cupressus lusitanica

Cupressaceae

Mexico, Guatemala

English: Mexican cypress **Nyanja:** Saipuresi, lubani

Ecology: Widely planted in the tropics as a quick-growing softwood. It requires good rainfall

and does best at high altitudes (1,300–3,300 m) in well-drained soils. Popular in

Chipata.

Uses: Firewood, timber (furniture, construction), poles, ornamental, windbreak, live

fence.

Description: An evergreen conifer to 35 m with a straight trunk and generally conical but **not**

regular; branches wide spreading. The branchlets grow in many planes and hang down. BARK: red-brown with vertical grooves, grey with age. LEAVES: dull bluegreen in 4 ranks, with **spreading pointed tips.** CONES: male cones, like fat tips on branchlets, produce clouds of yellow pollen dust; female **cones** round, 1.5 cm across, coloured **waxy grey** when young. Cones ripen in 2 years, becoming brown; scales

open to release many winged seeds. Scales bear a slender peg.

Propagation: Seedlings.

Seed: Germination rate about 40 % in 15–20 days. No. of seeds per kg: 160,000–290,000.

treatment: Notnecessary.

storage: Seed can be stored for six months.

Management: Trimming as a hedge. Pruning and thinning of trees in woodlots.

Remarks: Can produce poles after 10 years, general purpose timber after 20 years. Not good for

intercropping as leaf litter decomposes slowly and the shallow roots spread over a wide area. Commonly used as Christmas trees. The timber is pale brown, seasons

well, making a very good lightweight wood that is widely used for furniture.

