Tropical Asia

Common names: English: Mauritius thorn, Mysore thorn.

Ecology: A thorny shrub widely naturalized in Africa in medium- and high-

rainfall areas, 900-2,100 m. In Uganda commonly cultivated as a live fence or growing wild in most areas except North Eastern

Region.

Uses: Medicine, bee forage, mulch, ornamental, live fence, gum (in

fruit).

Description: A shrub or climber, occasionally reaching 10 m. BARK: grey and

smooth with prickles. LEAVES: feathery, compound to 50 cm long with **hooked prickles** along the leaf stalk. FLOWERS: showy **pale yellow in spikes to 30 cm,** 2 cm across with orange stamens hanging down. FRUIT: clusters of **brown pointed pods,**

held erect on woody stalks scattering seeds as they open.

Propagation: Direct sowing on site.

Seed: Germination rate is above 60%. **treatment:** soak in cold water for two days.

storage: seed can be stored for long periods if kept dry and free of insects.

Add ash to reduce insect damage.

Management: Fairly fast growing; trim as a live fence.

Remarks: It may develop into a serious weed if not checked, especially in

pasture land. Burning in the dry season is a control measure.

