India, Tropical Asia, China

Common names: Eng: bauhinia, camel's foot, orchid tree.

Ecology: A tree grown throughout the tropics, and in Tanzania

grown up to 1,500 m. Commonly planted in gardens and

avenues in most towns throughout the country.

Uses: Firewood, tools, food (shoots as vegetables), fodder, shade,

ornamental, soil conservation, soil improvement, tannin.

Description: An attractive small semi-deciduous tree, usually to 6 m but sometimes much taller. BARK: grey and smooth, furrowed

and flaking with age. LEAVES: alternate, dull blue-green, the two lobes 10-15 cm across (camel-foot shaped), veins radiating from the leaf base. FLOWERS: pink-white in short sprays, each flower with five petals marked with rose or yellow-green, one petal different in shape and colour (orchid like), five arched stamens. FRUIT: flat brown pods to 20 cm long, twist open to release round flat seeds 1 cm

across.

Propagation: Seedlings, direct sowing.

Seed info.: No. of seeds per kg: 4,200-5,700. Germination rate is about

70%, completed after three weeks.

treatment: not necessary for fresh seeds. Soak stored seeds in cold

water for 24 hours.

storage: If sun dried and stored at room temperature seed can retain

viability for some months. Best germination from fresh

seeds.

Management: Coppicing, lopping, pollarding.

Remarks: In India and Nepal flowers are used for vegetables and

pickles. The heavy, hard wood makes good tools. *B. galpinii* (*B. punctata*), the red bauhinia, from South Africa, is a vigorous shrub or climber with flame-coloured flowers and is grown in lowland Tanzania. *Bauhinia acuminata*, with white flowers, is from tropical Asia and is commonly

grown.

