

# Lessons from the field: Understanding farmer behavior and options to improve outcomes

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## ICRAF, CIFOR, CGIAR

- World Agroforestry (ICRAF) is a centre of science and development excellence that harnesses the benefits of trees for people and the environment.
- CGIAR is a global research partnership for a food secure future dedicated to reducing poverty, enhancing food and nutrition security, and improving natural resources.



## **Background**

- Low adoption rates of technically effective agricultural innovations
- Long pay-off periods especially for trees and NRM
- Intangible or non-monetary benefits
- Complex farming systems require substantial knowledge and changes to practices
- Unlikely one fits all strategy
- Tendency to trial new ways of operation first
- Multiple income streams and small-scale farming operations (on- and off-farm)





## Citizen Science - Uganda

- The problem
  - Low milk yields in the dairy sector
  - Feed supplements unaffordable



- Fodder Shrubs integrated into the farming system (potential erosion control)
- Supported trialing within the community (monitoring approach, Calliandra provided)
- Self-monitored and compared to status quo (paired farmers)
- Early insights
  - Directly visible improvements rather than waiting for shrubs to mature
  - Milk yields up from 4 to 9L per day
  - Increased adoption in the community (now 75%)

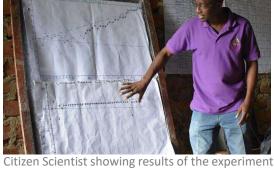


Photo: World Agroforestry, Joan Kimayo







## S4C – Kenya + Malawi

- The problem
  - Low milk yields
  - Milk supply gap in Kenya and Malawi
  - Nutrition implications
  - Scaling the Uganda experience successful yet expensive
  - Goal of reaching 120.000 farmers requires translation of Uganda findings

#### Funding approved by:





## S4C – Kenya + Malawi

- Our approach
  - Cooperatives as entry points
  - Enabling trialability through Citizen Science
  - Supported through trained and supported cooperative members
  - Timed learning session along the growth cycle of Calliandra
  - Direct link to buyers / processors
  - Supporting an enabling environment
  - Sliding subsidies to encourage full adoption
  - Incentives for nursery operators to produce seedlings and support farmers







## Rural aspirations – the pilot

- The problem
  - Farm and non-farm income streams likely limit incentives and options to invest in farming
  - Profit- or yield-maximization interventions
    - likely not the mainstream among small producers
- The goal
  - Understanding medium- to long-term income portfolio aspirations
  - Customizing technologies and communication approaches to relate to differing aspirations
  - SenseMaker to elicit aspirations and drivers





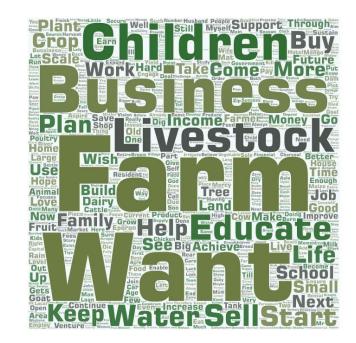




## **Exploring aspirations**

How to get a better understanding of peoples' livelihood portfolio aspirations?

- Explorations in focus groups
  - Difficult as people do not think in abstract terms
- Exploring using DCEs
  - Too complex for DCE
  - Could be used later to test if people respond to choice sets according to our assumptions on aspirational influences
- Traditional household survey
  - Trial using 'direct questions but triangulate
  - ifpri aspiration index as complementary data





## **Rural Aspiration**

How can we measure / elicit what people want?

#### **Exploring new options**

What does the farm ↔ nonfarm income split mean for technology demand - using psychology

#### Using standard method while exploring

While generating some more qual. data, we explored SenseMaker

#### The analysis

Challenging new type of data - More details following -



2014

201

2016

2018

today

#### Stumbling across SenseMaker

After understanding that the problem is too complex the inaugural lecture that opened new options

#### **Designing a pilot**

Design workshop with Cognitive Edge → learning about each others context takes time

Transforming Lives and Landscapes with Trees

http://worldagroforestry.org/projects1/timeline/







## Food narratives food choice motives

- The problem
  - Urban diets are more and more unhealthy
  - Food deserts in high density areas
  - Health threats not acknowledged
  - Diversified diets unpopular
  - Maize focused farming systems often less sustainable
    - Yet policy and extension focuses on Maize as a staple in East Africa
- Our approach
  - Focus on mothers
  - Known aflatoxin issue as the entry point
  - Develop health food value chains
  - Using dominant food narrative as levers of change
  - RCT as a proof of concept

Funded by:





## The analysis

- Challenging new type of data
- Between quantitative and qualitative
- Analyzing to make it best rather than worst of both
- Framing it for publishing
- Complex adaptive systems analysis for tangible entry points
- Communicate findings in a clear enough way to reach an audience with broad range of backgrounds (our colleagues)





#### **REOCCURING PROBLEM**

Persistent poverty, food insecurity, marginalization, climate maladaptation and environmental degradation
Yet, solutions often fragmented, piecemeal & uni-dimensional, failing to effectively address underlying



## MEANINGFUL DIAGNOSIS

Holistic root cause analysis

Multi-dimensional economic,

demand & gender assessment Levers of change identification

STRONG
INTERVENTION
DESIGN

Integrated option assessment
Adoption incentives
Inclusive Scaling strategy
Impactful Theory of Chang

## **CIFOR-ICRAF Impact Group**

EFFECTIVE & EFFICIENT DELIVERY

Technical support brokering Formative evaluation & monitoring systems

Operational research

CREDIBLE
EVIDENCE &
SCALABLE LEARNING

Focused impact evaluation at key nodes of Theory of Change Influence tracking and evaluation



#### **Purpose:**

To accelerate, intensify, and evidence the translation of research and development interventions into sustainable and inclusive development impact

## Thank you!

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